

1 Classe AngleConversion

Tâche 1 : Écrivez le code de la classe `AngleConversion`.

```
/**
 * The class {@code AngleConversion} contains methods for performing angle conversions
 * from degrees to radian and vice versa.
 */

public class AngleConversion {
    private AngleConversion(){}

    /**
     * Converts an angle measured in degrees to an approximately
     * equivalent angle measured in radians.
     *
     * @param angleInDegrees an angle, in degrees
     * @return the measurement of the angle {@code angleInDegrees} in radians
     */
    public static double toRadians(double angleInDegrees) {
        return (Math.PI / 180) * angleInDegrees;
    }

    /**
     * Converts an angle measured in radians to an approximately
     * equivalent angle measured in degrees.
     *
     * @param angleInRadians an angle, in radians
     * @return the measurement of the angle {@code angleInRadians} in degrees
     */
    public static double toDegrees(double angleInRadians) {
        return (180. / Math.PI) * angleInRadians;
    }
}
```

2 Classe Point

Tâche 2 : Écrivez le code de la classe `Point`.

```
/**
 * A point representing a location in (x, y) coordinate space,
```

```

* specified in double precision.
*/

public class Point {
    private final double x;
    private final double y;

    /**
     * Creates a new instance of {@code Point} with the specified coordinates.
     *
     * @param x the X coordinate of the point
     * @param y the Y coordinate of the point
     */
    public Point(double x, double y) {
        this.x = x;
        this.y = y;
    }

    /**
     * Returns the X coordinate of this {@code Point} in double precision.
     *
     * @return the X coordinate of this {@code Point}.
     */
    public double getX() {
        return x;
    }

    /**
     * Returns the Y coordinate of this {@code Point} in double precision.
     *
     * @return the Y coordinate of this {@code Point}.
     */
    public double getY() {
        return y;
    }

    /**
     * Returns the distance from this {@code Point} to a specified {@code Point}.
     *
     * @param p the specified point to be measured against this {@code Point}
     * @return the distance between this {@code Point} and the specified {@code Point}.
     */
    public double distanceTo(Point p){
        return Math.hypot(p.getX() - getX(), p.getY() - getY());
    }

    /**
     * Returns a string representation of this {@code Point} in the format (x,y).
     *
     * @return a string representation of this {@code Point}
     */
}

```

```

@Override
public String toString() {
    return "(" + getX() + "," + getY() + ')';
}

/**
 * Returns a new point with the coordinates of the specified point added to the
 * coordinates of this point.
 *
 * @param vector the point whose coordinates are to be added
 * @return the point with added coordinates
 */
Point translate(Point vector){
    return new Point(getX() + vector.getX(), getY() + vector.getY());
}

/**
 * Returns a point that is the result of the rotation of this point around the
 * origin with the specified angle.
 *
 * @param angleInDegrees the angle of the rotation expressed in degrees
 * @return the rotated point
 */
private Point rotate(double angleInDegrees){
    double angleInRadians = AngleConversion.toRadians(angleInDegrees);
    return new Point(x * Math.cos(angleInRadians) - y * Math.sin(angleInRadians),
        x * Math.sin(angleInRadians) + y * Math.cos(angleInRadians));
}

/**
 * Returns a point that is the opposite (opposite coordinates) of this point.
 *
 * @return the opposite point
 */
public Point opposite(){
    return new Point(-getX(), -getY());
}

/**
 * Returns a point that is the result of the rotation of this point around
 * the specified pivot and with the specified angle.
 *
 * @param pivot the center of the rotation
 * @param angle the angle of the rotation expressed in degrees
 * @return the rotated point
 */
public Point rotate(double angle, Point pivot){
    Point translated = translate(pivot.opposite());
    Point rotated = translated.rotate(angle);
    return rotated.translate(pivot);
}

/**

```

```

    * Computes the angle (in degrees) between the vector from
    * the specified point to this point and the horizontal axe.
    *
    * @param origin the origin of the vector
    * @return the angle between the vector and the horizontal axe
    * measured in degrees
    */
    public double angleFrom(Point origin){
        return AngleConversion.toDegrees(Math.atan2(getX() - origin.getX(), getY() - origin.getY()));
    }
}

```

3 Classe Circle

Tâche 3 : Écrivez le code de la classe Circle.

```

/**
 * The Circle class creates a new circle with the specified radius and center location.
 */
public class Circle {
    private final Point center;
    private final double radius;

    /**
     * Creates a new instance of Circle with a specified center and radius.
     *
     * @param center the center of the circle
     * @param radius the radius of the circle
     */
    public Circle(Point center, double radius) {
        this.center = center;
        this.radius = radius;
    }

    /**
     * Gets the value of the center of this circle.
     *
     * @return the value of the center
     */
    public Point getCenter() {
        return center;
    }

    /**
     * Gets the value of the radius of this circle.
     *
     * @return the value of the radius
     */
}

```

```

    */
public double getRadius() {
    return radius;
}
/**
 * Computes the area defined by this circle.
 *
 * @return the area of this circle
 */
public double area(){
    return Math.PI * radius * radius;
}
/**
 * Computes the perimeter of this circle.
 *
 * @return the perimeter of this circle
 */
public double perimeter(){
    return Math.PI * radius * 2.;
}
/**
 * Returns a new circle which is the result of the translation
 * of this circle by the specified vector.
 *
 * @param vector the point whose coordinates defined the coordinates of the translation
 * @return the translated circle
 */
public Circle translate(Point vector){
    return new Circle(getCenter().translate(vector), getRadius());
}
/**
 * Returns a circle that is the result of the rotation of this circle around the
 * origin with the specified angle.
 *
 * @param angleInDegrees the angle of the rotation expressed in degrees
 * @return the rotated circle
 */
public Circle rotate(double angleInDegrees, Point pivot){
    return new Circle(getCenter().rotate(angleInDegrees, pivot), getRadius());
}

/**
 * Returns a string representation of this circle in the format
 * Circle{center=(X. X, Y. Y), radius=R. R}.
 *
 * @return a string representation of this circle
 */
@Override
public String toString() {
    return "Circle{" +

```

```

        "center=" + center +
        ", radius=" + radius +
        '>';
    }
}

```

4 Classe RegularPolygon

```

/**
 * The Circle class creates a new regular polygon with the specified number of vertices,
 * radius, center location and the angle in degrees between the vector from the center
 * to the first vertex and the horizontal axe.
 */
public class RegularPolygon {
    private final int order;
    private final Circle circumscribedCircle;
    private final double angleInDegrees;

    /**
     * Creates a new regular polygon with the specified number of vertices, radius,
     * circumscribed circle and the angle in degrees between the vector from the center
     * to the first vertex and the horizontal axe.
     *
     * @param order the number of vertices of the polygon
     * @param circumscribedCircle the circumscribed circle of the polygon
     * @param angleInDegree the angle in degrees between the vector from the center
     * to the first vertex and the horizontal axe.
     */
    public RegularPolygon(int order, Circle circumscribedCircle, double angleInDegree) {
        this.order = order;
        this.circumscribedCircle = circumscribedCircle;
        this.angleInDegrees = angleInDegree;
    }

    /**
     * creates a new regular polygon with the specified number of vertices, radius,
     * center location and the angle in degrees between the vector from the center
     * to the first vertex and the horizontal axe.
     *
     * @param order the number of vertices of the polygon
     * @param center the center of the polygon
     * @param radius the distance between the center and the vertices
     * @param angleInDegree the angle in degrees between the vector from the center
     * to the first vertex and the horizontal axe.
     */
    public RegularPolygon(int order, Point center, double radius, double angleInDegree) {
        this(order, new Circle(center, radius), angleInDegree);
    }

    /**
     * Returns the center of the polygon.
     */
}

```

```

*
* @return the center of the polygon
*/
public Point getCenter(){
    return circumscribedCircle.getCenter();
}
/**
* Returns the vertex of the specified index.
*
* @param index the index of the vertex
* @return the vertex of the specified index
*/
public Point getVertex(int index){
    return new Point(circumscribedCircle.getCenter().getX()+circumscribedCircle.getRadius(),
        circumscribedCircle.getCenter().getY())
        .rotate(angleInDegrees + (order / 360.) * index, getCenter());
}
/**
* Returns the length of a side of the polygon.
*
* @return the length of a side of the polygon
*/
public double sideLength(){
    return 2 * circumscribedCircle.getRadius() * Math.sin(Math.PI/order);
}
/**
* Returns the length of the apothem, i.e., a line segment from the center
* of the polygon to the midpoint of one of its sides.
*
* @return the length of the apothem
*/
public double getApothemLength(){
    return circumscribedCircle.getRadius() * Math.cos(Math.PI/order);
}
/**
* Computes the perimeter of this regular polygon.
*
* @return the perimeter of this regular polygon
*/
public double perimeter(){
    return order * sideLength();
}
/**
* Computes the area of this regular polygon.
*
* @return the area of this regular polygon
*/
public double area(){
    return perimeter() * getApothemLength() / 2.;
}

```

```

/**
 * Returns a new regular polygon that is the result of the rotation of this
 * regular polygon around its center with the specified angle.
 *
 * @param angleInDegrees the angle of the rotation expressed in degrees
 * @return the rotated regular polygon
 */
public RegularPolygon rotate(double angleInDegrees){
    return new RegularPolygon(order, circumscribedCircle,
        this.angleInDegrees+angleInDegrees);
}

/**
 * Returns a new regular polygon which is the result of the translation
 * of this regular polygon by the specified vector.
 *
 * @param vector the point whose coordinates define the coordinates of the translation
 * @return the translated regular polygon
 */
public RegularPolygon translate(Point vector){
    return new RegularPolygon(order, circumscribedCircle.translate(vector), angleInDegrees);
}

}

```