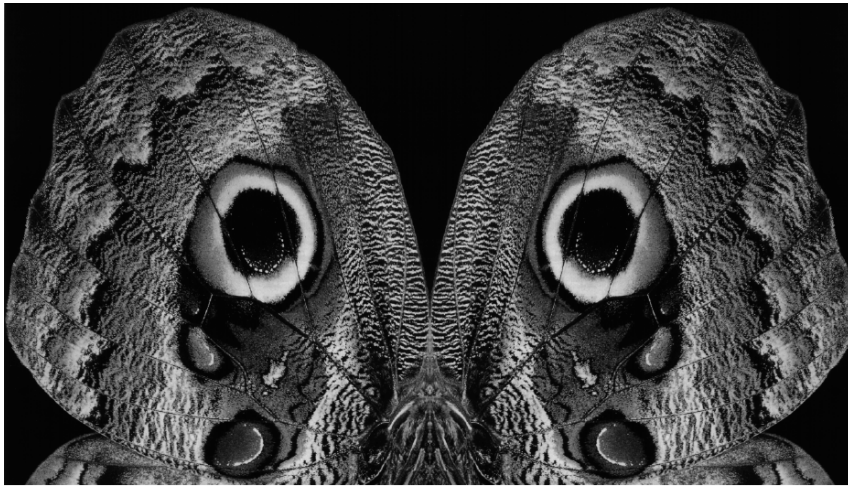
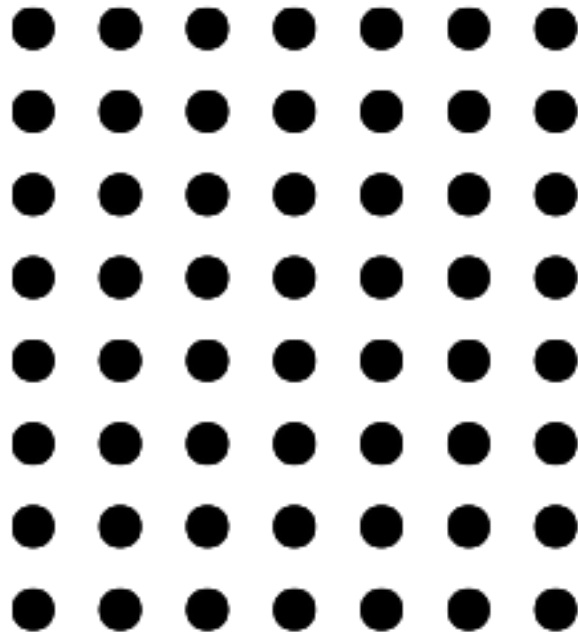


II. Perception



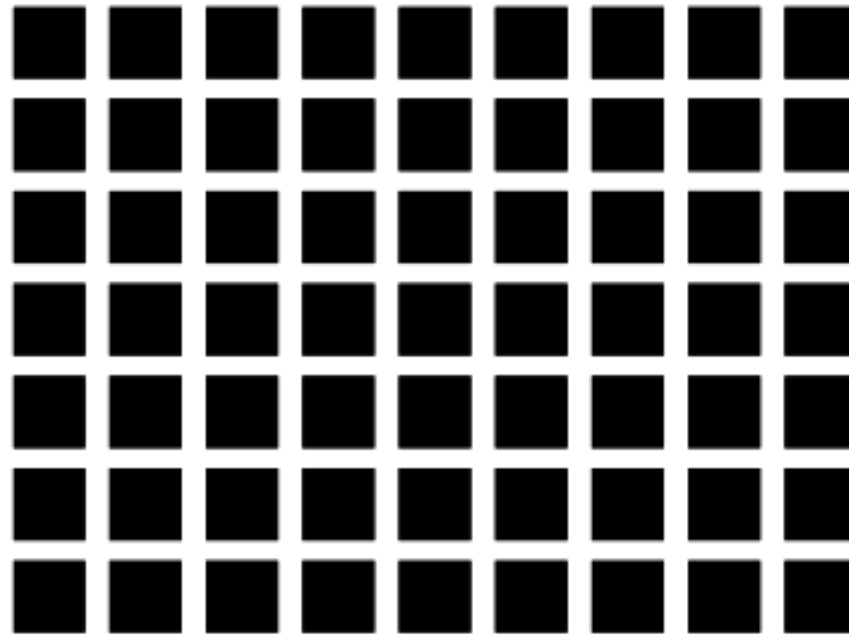
Vision centrale et périphérique



*Association en lignes, colonnes ou carrés
(connexions nerveuses au niveau de la rétine).*



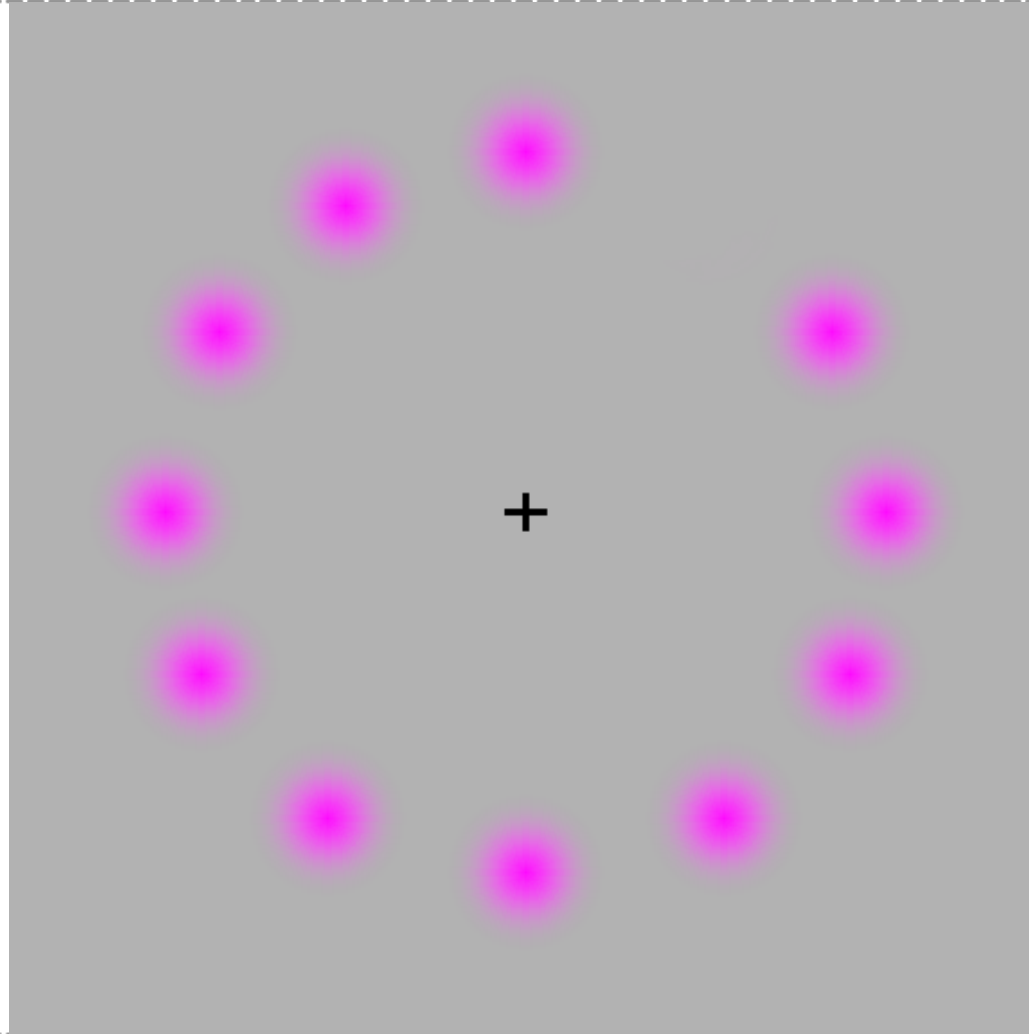
Vision centrale et périphérique



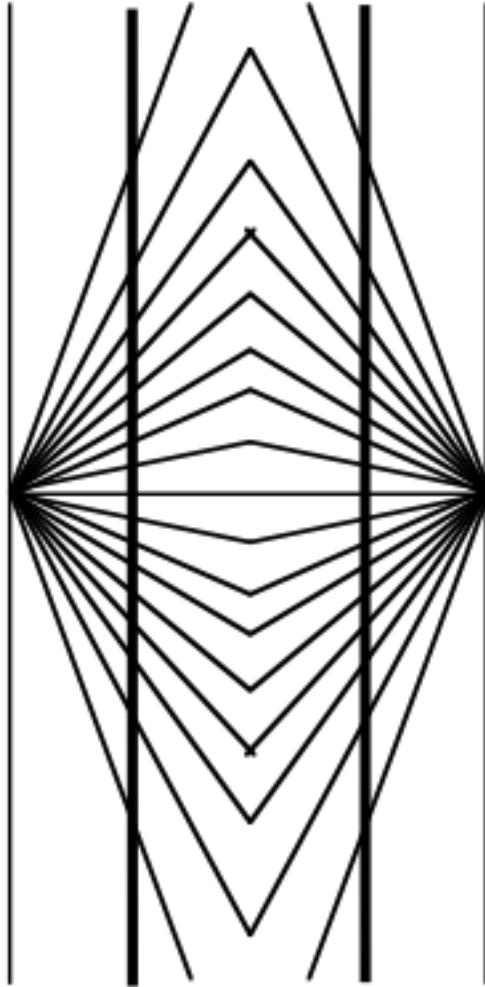
*La partie centrale de la rétine ne traite pas
l'image de la même manière que sa périphérie
(les intersections des lignes blanches paraissent
grises excepté celle que l'on fixe du regard)*



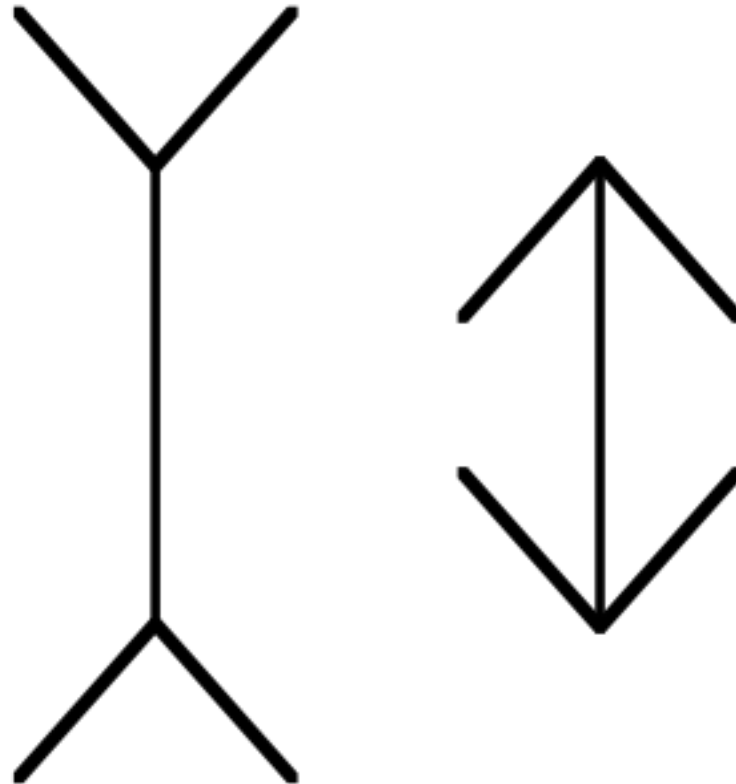
Vision centrale et périphérique



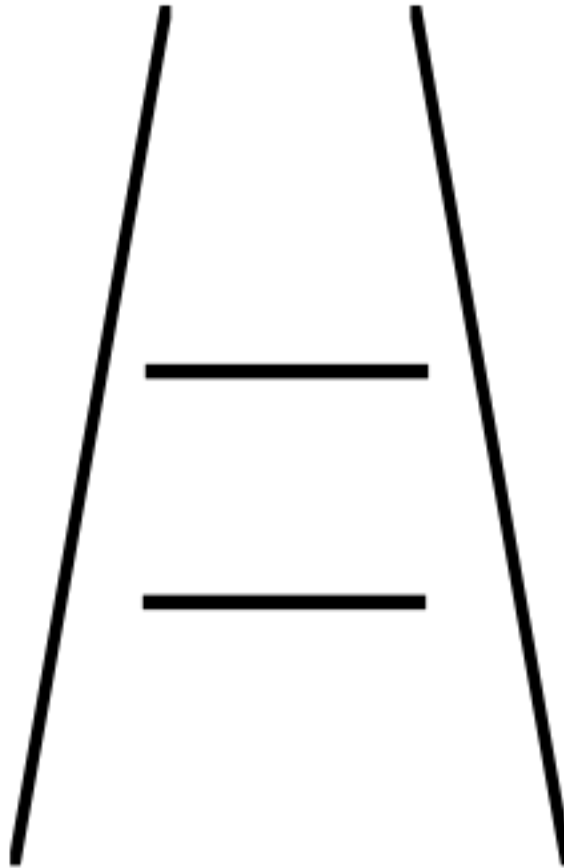
Effets de contours



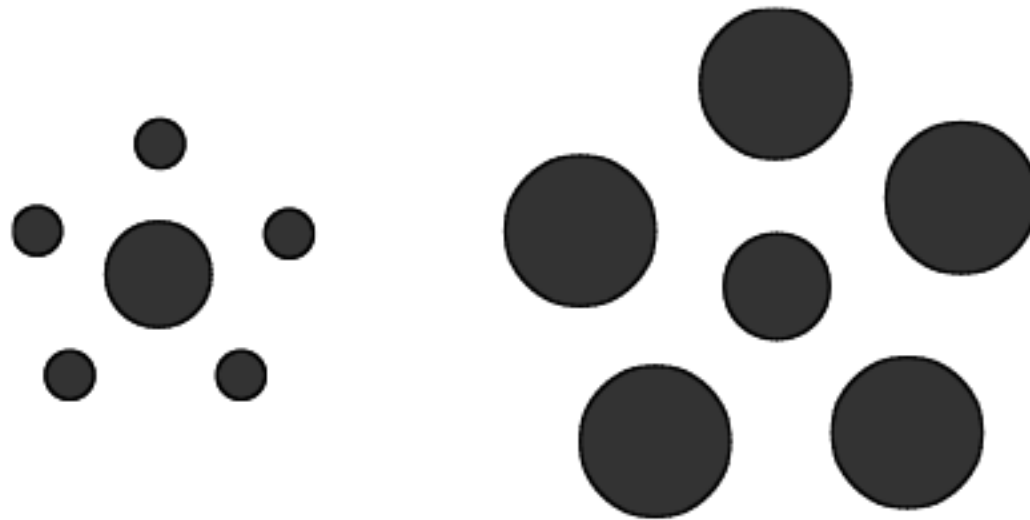
Effets de contours



Effets de contours

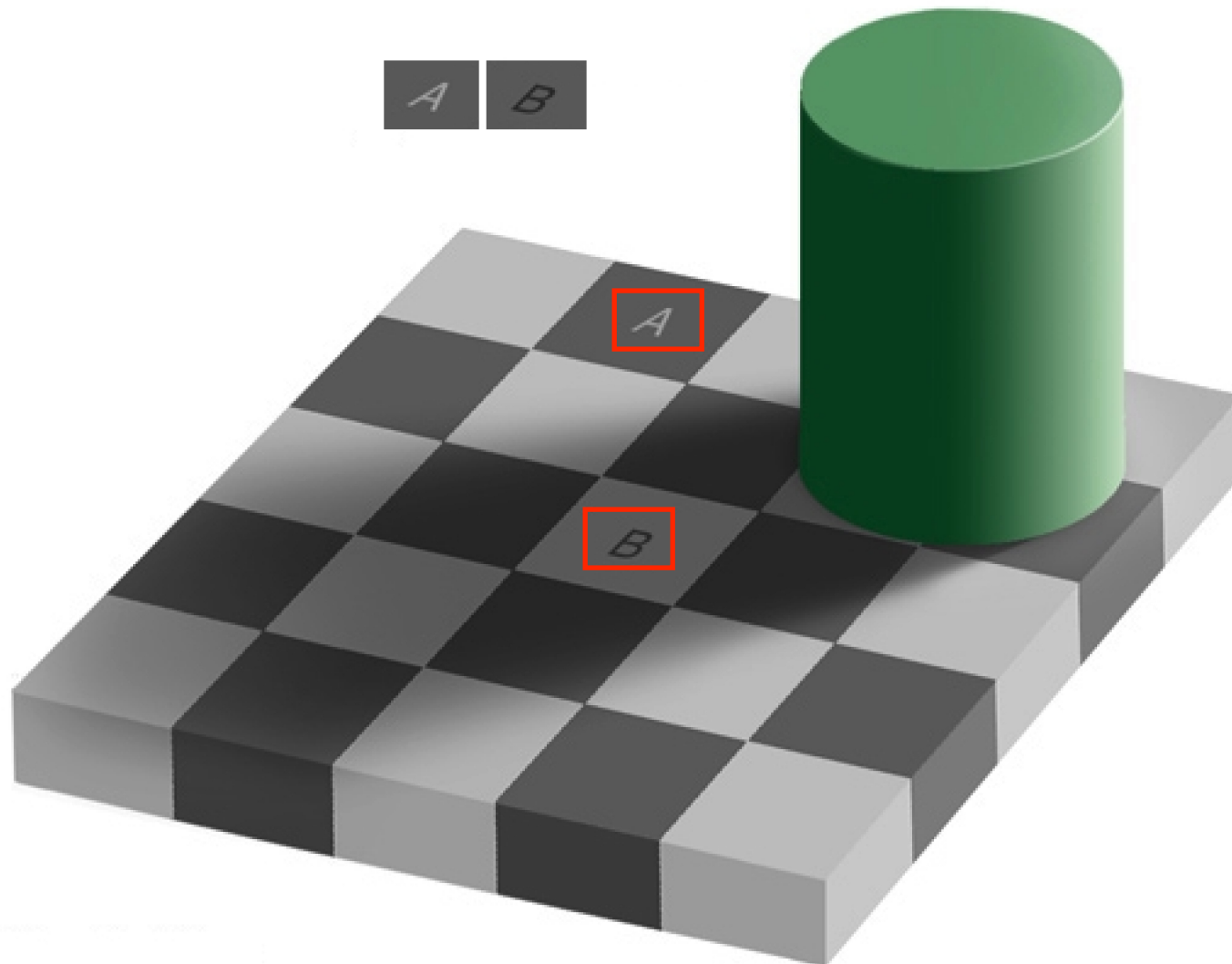


Analyse contextuelle



Taille relative

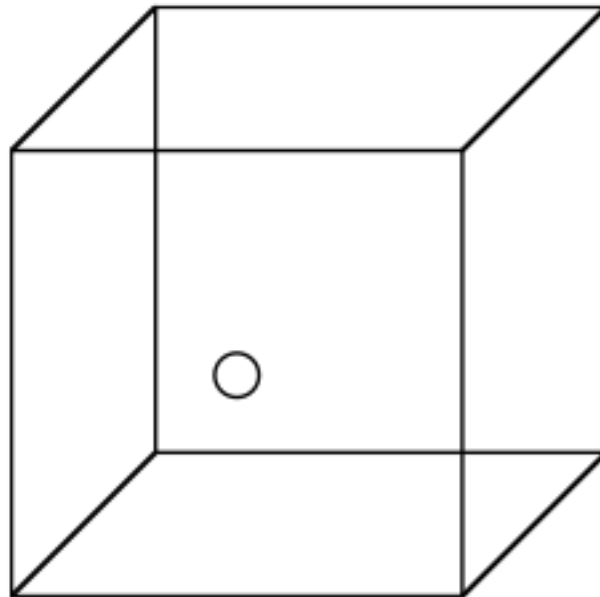
Analyse contextuelle



Images ambiguës

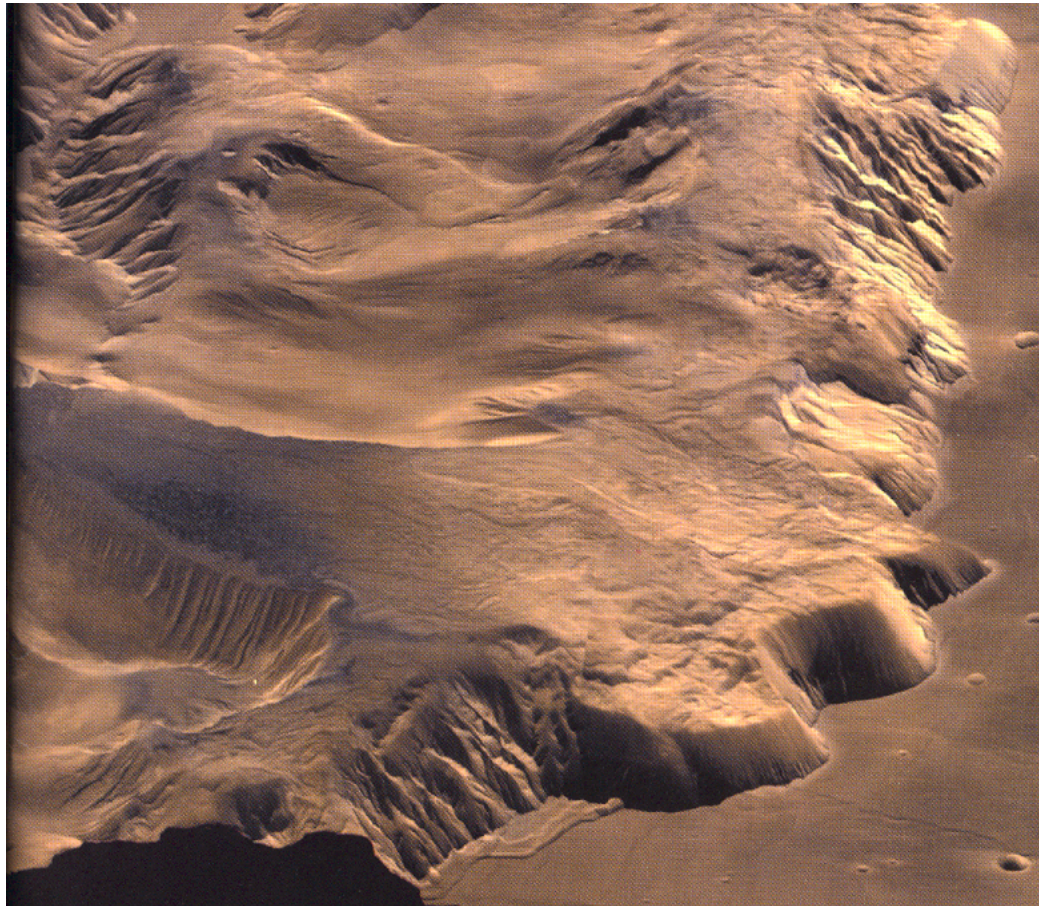


Reconstruction 3D

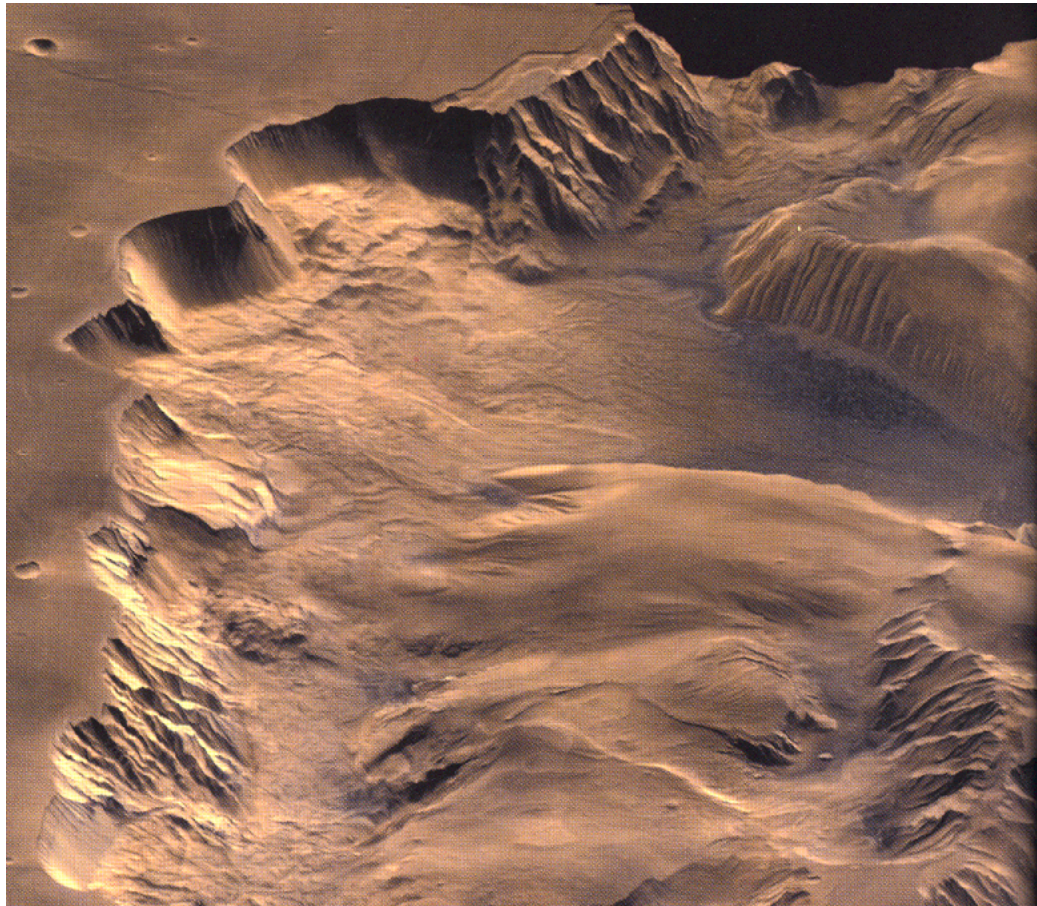


Multiples interprétations 3D d'une représentation 2D

Reconstruction 3D



Reconstruction 3D



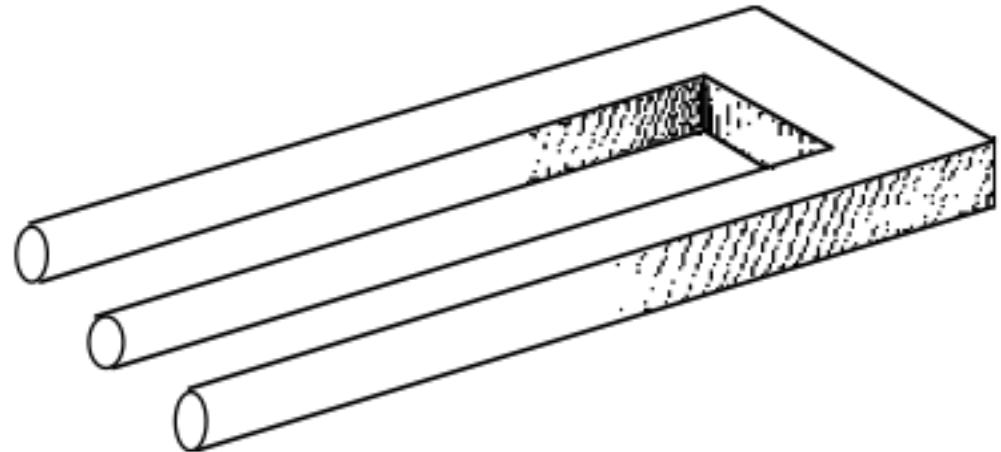
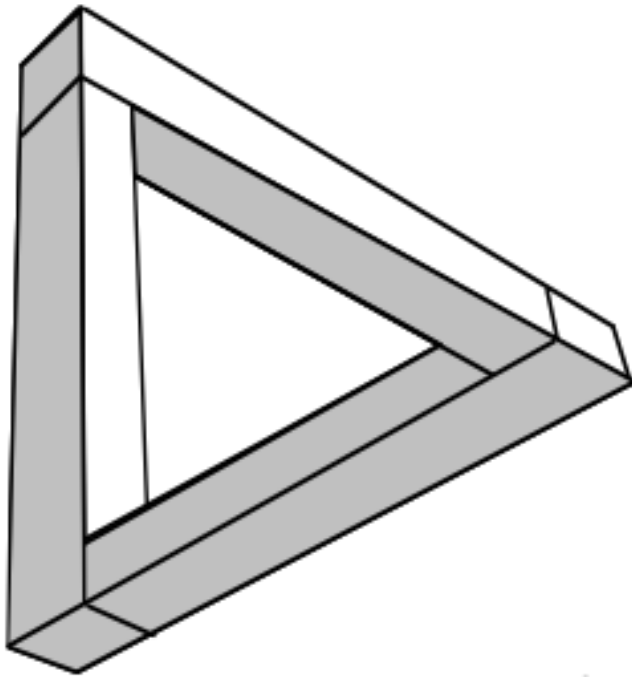
Analyse locale et reconstruction



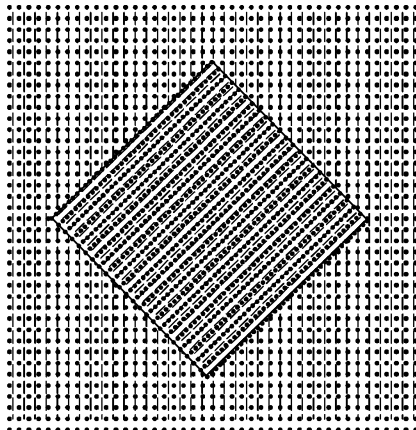
Analyse locale et reconstruction



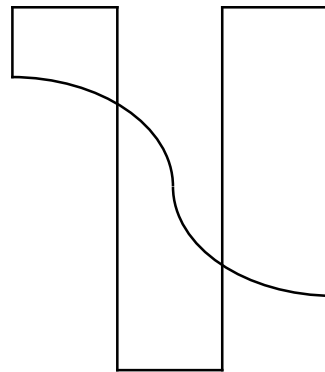
Analyse locale et reconstruction



Quelques lois d'interprétation visuelle



Loi de similitude



Loi de continuité

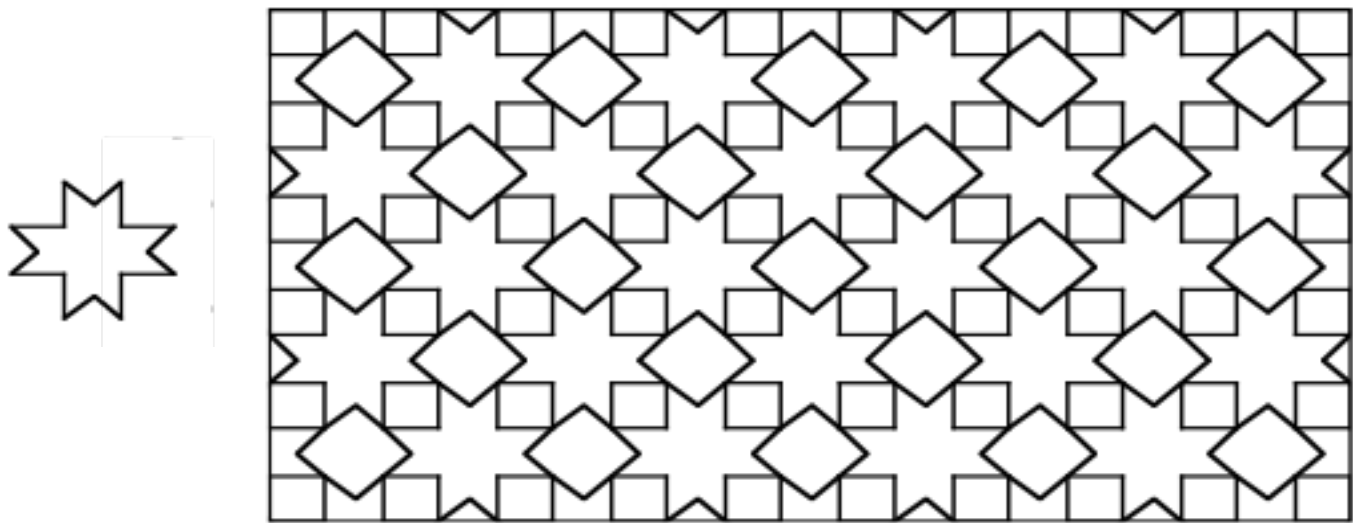


Loi de proximité



Loi de fermeture

Quelques conséquences de ces lois



Quelques conséquences de ces lois

